#### WIND AND EU LAW

The Good, the Bad and the Ugly

The Good: the application of general EU rules

The Bad: the promotion of Wind energy

The Ugly: the imposition on Wind energy

## Windpark Groothusen v Commission (T-109/94 & C-48/96 P)

- Thermie programme (REG 2008/90) on the promotion of energy technology in Europe over 17 fields including renewable energy
- 129 Mio EUR of funding to 137 projects from 700 proposals (including 11 wind energy projects from 52 proposals)
- Windpark Groothusen challenges the Commission's refusal of its project
- Union Courts successively confirm refusal as a matter of course

#### RENEWABLE ENERGY DIRECTIVES

(2001/77 (RED I), 2009/28 (RED II) and 2018/2001 (RED III))

• The original sin: a list of sources instead of a definition

'renewable energy sources' shall mean renewable non-fossil energy sources (wind, solar, geothermal, wave, tidal, hydropower, biomass, landfill gas, sewage treatment plant gas and biogases)

- Contradiction between the promotion of generation capacity in renewables and of the criteria of final consumption
- The progressive bending of energy policy: indicative targets, binding targets, quantitative objectives of renewables capacity
- Growing complexity: from 8 pages (2001) to over 150 pages (2023)
- Some flexibility remains for Member States not wanting Wind energy

## The Commission approval of State aid measures (a review without (many) reviewers)

Purpose and uses of Commission prior-approval decisions

The accommodation of financial support to Wind energy

• The limitation of procedural rules (complaints, interested party)

The denaturation of procedural rules (covid, administrative practice)

#### CONTROL BY THE EU COURT OF JUSTICE

- The right to prohibit wind energy in Natura 2000: Azienda Agro-Zootecnica Francini Sarl (C-2/10)
- The requirements of appropriate and prior impact assessments : D'Oultremont e.a. (C-290/15) and Nevele (C-24/19)
- The consequences of illegal State aid measures : Vent de Colère! e.a. (C-262/12)
- The right of Member States to set rules on distance: *ECOWIND* (C-727/17)

#### THE UGLY:

### The fog of Union and national competences

 Case study: the non-regulation of accoustic emissions from wind turbines

The technical difficulties in enunciating and applying rules

The acknowlegment of the issue

The willfull ignorance of the Noise Directive' success story

# THE UGLY: The fog of Union and national competences

• NECPs, the Green Deal, the European Climate Law, the Taxonomy

• The COVID effect: RRF/RRP, FIT for 55, Net Zero

• The acceleration of renewables (Regulation 2022/2577)

#### SILVER LININGS?

- The economic and environmendemise of the Wind energy sector (costs, defects, and impacts)
- The European Wind Power Action Plan of 24 October 2023 (COM(2023) 669 final)
- The beginning of a serious interest in the European Parliament
- The European Court of Auditors (SR 22/2023 and SR 26/2023)

#### CONCLUSIONS

- How far can the EU go?
- EU and National competences intertwined
- Wind energy will not contain itself action is going to be needed
- Every action taken helps and most actions start as national actions
- Union law is a tool